The role of civil registry for the post-2015 development goals:

Lessons from the transformation of the South African CRVS system

Pali Lehohla Statistics South Africa

International Identity Management Conference Seoul, Korea: 23 September 2014



The South Africa I know, the home I understand



Lessons from the MDG process

- The framework helped countries to track development progress on a regular basis
- It build momentum for evidence based decision making
- Some goals were achieved, other not with differences in achievement/non-achievement among and within countries
- There is a need to transform beyond the target date



Post 2015 Agenda

Leave no one behind

Put sustainable development at the core

Transform economies economies for jobs and inclusive growth

Build peace and effective open and just accontable societies

transform information systems Statistics for Transparency, Accountability, Results and Transformation

REDUCING POVERTY IN AFRICA

The problem of global poverty is the greatest moral challenge of our time that contrasts with the economic growth observed around the world in the last two decades.

Leadership by Africa

- Established The Africa Programme on Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (APAI-CRVS) as a pan-African initiative created in 2009
- The programme seeks to support the realisation of complete CRVS system across the continent
- The Programme is implemented through a regional plan initially running from 2010-2015
- The Programme is steered by directives of African ministers responsible for civil registration
- UNECA is the secretariat of the regional programme

Leadership by Africa

- African statisticians have for the 2010-2015 period focusing on CRVS after successfully implementing population censuses
- Currently countries CRVS status are being assessed using standard country assessment tools
- Training for CRVS implementation runs concurrently
- Country to Country support systems and drawing lessons
- Engaging training institutions to adapt CRVS tuition

Leadership by Africa

- Investing in the future through APAI-CRVS has within its work programme embedded the capacity development of YAS
- Programme has so far:
 - Facilitated placement of three fellows at UNECA to work with the regional CRVS secretariat
 - Provided training for YAS as part of a regional training programme held in May 2013
 - Facilitated engagement of YAS is ongoing CRVS system country assessment
 - Mobilised funds through partner agencies to support the inclusion of YAS in ongoing work on CRVS at country level
 - In each activity including country assessments the YAS are included

What can be achieved ... lessons from SA

- From an *exclusive* to a well-functioning CRVS
 - Registration not compulsory for black African population group
 - Black African population group included in NPR after 14 years of implementing NPR
 - Data not useful for national planning
- Setting priorities and intensifying efforts
 - Post-apartheid government prioritised civil registration and production of vital statistics
 - Turnaround strategy to improve service delivery
 - National campaigns to improve coverage
 - Strong political engagement
 - Collaborative effort



What can be achieved ... lessons from SA

- Identifying bottlenecks and changing strategies
 - Amendments and repeals in legislations
 - Expansion in service delivery points
 - Registration in hospitals
 - Mobile units for under-served and hard-to-reach populations
 - Compliance to international standards
- Create demand
 - Birth certificates to access child support grant / enrol in school
 - Death certificates to obtain burial permit
- Use of technology
 - Improve security and timeliness of service delivery
 - Enables regular and timely access to data



Improvements in Civil Registration (and NPR) provided conducive environment for production of vital statistics

- Recent initiative to improve quality
 - Continued collaborative efforts with CRVS stakeholders
 - Training of medical practitioners in cause-of-death certification
 - Use of IRIS to code causes of death
 - Employment of contract staff to expedite data processing



Concluding remarks

- Importance of CRVS recognised globally
- Comprehensive assessment must be undertaken to establish baseline information
- Countries to have vigorous approach in improvement strategies to ensure that "No one is left behind"
- Improvements in the quality of statistics for sustainable development
- Investment in technology for sustainable systems

