#### Comments on

# "Payment Choice in International Trade: Theory and Evidence from Cross-Country Firm Level Data"

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#### **Comments**

Relevance and contribution

Specific comments on

- Theory

- Empirics

#### Relevance and contribution

 Better understanding on payment contracts in international trade

No much empirical evidence on this issue

Payment contracts can have important effects on trade flows

#### Relevance and contribution

 Extension of previous work for looking at the importance and interaction of financing costs, contracting enforcement, and products complexity

 Firm, industry and country information may help to identify better these effects, extending previous literature using mostly industry-country, firmcountry level data.

- Simplified version of Schmidt–Eisenlohr (2009)
- Modeling contract decision: cash in advance & open account
- Trade model, Krugman (1980): prices, quantities, profits
- Not clear how both are linked
- Max profits and decision variables

- · Static game one buyer/one seller
- Fine, but default costs are vey limited
  - some fraction of current exports
- In a dynamic setting, exporters loose the NPV of future profits
- Why not a repeated game?, more realistic for exporting decisions

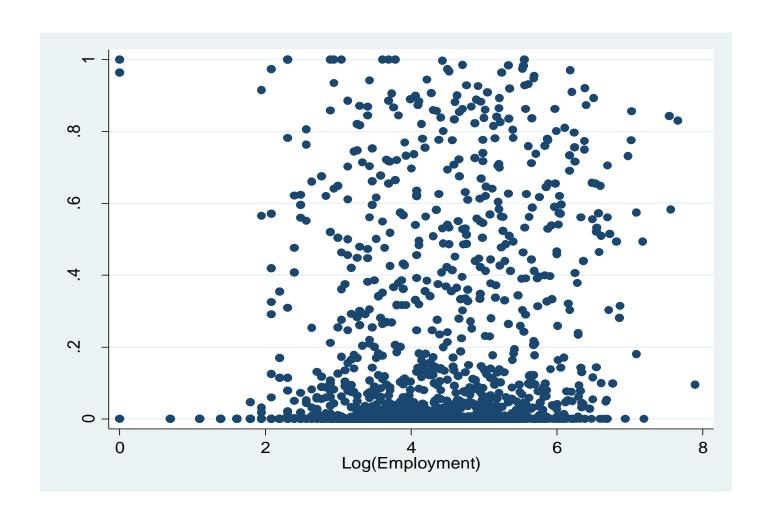
- Why the same across firms?
- High productivity firms have higher NPV of profits, default is more costly.

- Static game misses issues that previous theoretical and empirical –literature show as relevant in exporting decisions
  - Exporting sunk cost
    - Different across industries
  - Firm heterogeneity

- Weak link theory and data
- They want to explain payment choice in international trade
- But, dependent variable is SoA / Total sales
- Impossible to distinguish between
  - Soa,x / Exports
  - Soa,ds / Domestic sales

- It does no provide evidence of importance of open account on export sales
  - Across countries, industries, and firm size
- Differences are approximated by including exports/sales and its interactions with financing costs and contract enforcement as covariates
- Indirect way
- Financing cost (contract enforcement) can have first order effects on sales

- IV for export share: log (Employment)
- Validity and strength
- How strong is the correlation between export share and size?
  - Size increases probability of exporting
  - But, export share?



Source: Annual Survey of Manufactures, Chile: 2000

- Size should effect OA sales (payment choice) only through export share
- But, larger firms may have better credit access than smaller firms
- This affects surely payment choice
- Other IV?
  - Comparative advantage
  - Firm factor-intensity\*industry factor intensity

- Exploiting differences across firms may be interesting by itself
  - Large versus small firms
  - Older versus young
  - Domestic versus foreign (access to external credit markets)
- It may also help for causal identification